

Freeing Captive Nations Called Realistic Aim

The liberation of the captive satellite nations remains a realistic objective, Senator Dodd, Democrat of Connecticut, said in a message read at a breakfast meeting today.

The fifth annual Washington Metropolitan Area observance of Captive Nations Week began with a meeting at the Market Inn. The observance will feature special prayers and church services tomorrow, a banquet Wednesday and a wreath-laying ceremony at the Washington Monument on July 21.

"The sad fact is that since Captive Nations Week was first proclaimed... the island

of Cuba has gone Communist, the northern portion of Laos has been taken over, South Viet Nam is again fighting for its life, a solidly pro-Soviet government has been established in China, a government under control of known Communists has been elected and still remains in power in British Guiana and a dozen countries in Latin America are in mortal jeopardy." Senator Dodd said in the paper read by David Martin, his special assistant.

"I believe, now that our thermonuclear deterrent has been counterbalanced by a Soviet thermonuclear deterrent,

it becomes more important than ever to sustain and encourage the resistance movement in the captive nations," Senator Dodd said.

He added that the captive peoples' will to resist "remains the surest deterrent to Soviet aggression."

The captive nations (problem) should be raised at every international conference and at every United Nations session, Senator Dodd said, in order that the nations will know the West has not deserted them.

Representative Barry, Republican of New York, said the descendants of immigrants from the captive nations "will never be reconciled to the captivity of the land of their ancestors." He warned that any "quick action" to release the nations would add to their burdens.

"Any outside armed intervention would undoubtedly

provoke an all-out global war, and hence it is unthinkable," Mr. Barry said. "Likewise any internal uprising, such as that which occurred in Hungary in 1956, would undoubtedly be crushed by Soviet tanks and troops with a great amount of bloodshed and death."

America's ideal of individual liberty must continue to be "the shaft of light that breaks through the darkness of the Iron Curtain," he said.

Representative Marsh, Democrat of Virginia, told the breakfast meeting that "Woodrow Wilson, great internationalist though he was, would not have looked with favor on current State Department suggestions that the United States move toward full diplomatic interchange with the Kadar regime which the Soviets impressed on captive Hungary."